

# Robust Control

18-849b Dependable Embedded Systems

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Required Reading: Some Crisp Thoughts on Fuzzy Control, Abramovitch, D.,  
Proceedings of the American Control Conference, June 1994.

Best Tutorial: Robust Control of Linear Dynamical Systems, Chandrasekharan, P.,  
Academic Press, 1996

# Overview

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- ◆ Control Theory
- ◆ Key Concepts
  - What is robustness?
  - What's the big deal?
  - Modeling
- ◆ Techniques
- ◆ Connections
- ◆ Conclusion
- ◆ Paper Discussion

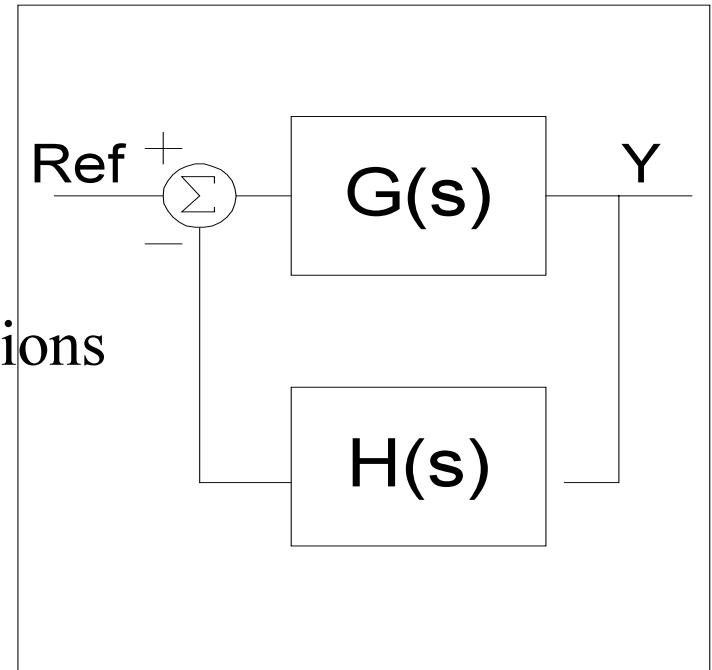
# Control Theory

## ◆ Conventional Control (to 1950)

- Feedback theory
- Classic solution to differential eq.
- Laplace techniques and transfer functions
- SISO
- Root-locus methods of stability

## ◆ Modern Control (1950 to present)

- Reducing to n 1st order equations
- State methods and matrices
- Optimization
- MIMO

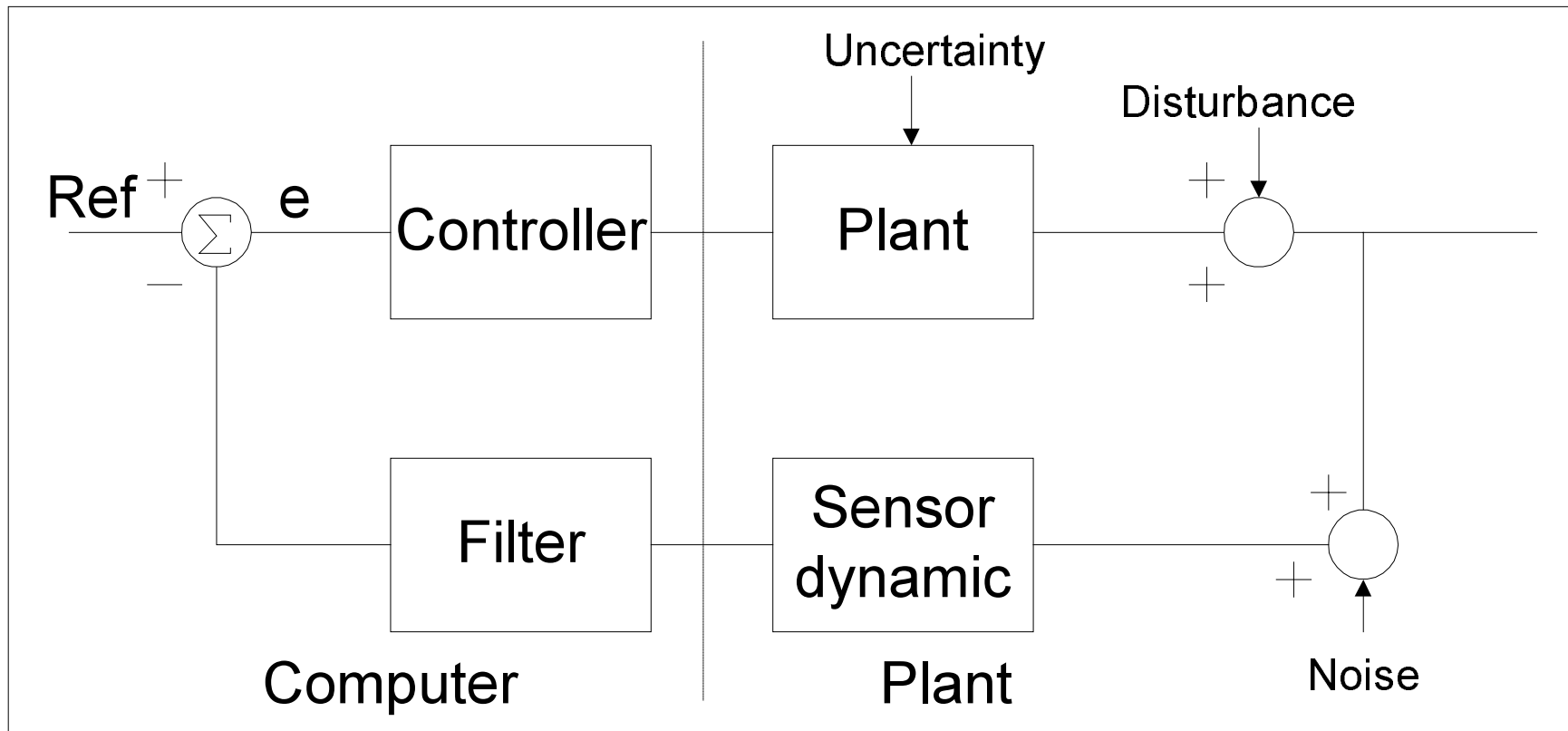


$$\dot{\bar{x}} = A\bar{x} + B\bar{u}$$

$$\bar{y} = C\bar{x} + D\bar{u}$$

# Robustness

- ◆ Robust control refers to the control of unknown plants with unknown dynamics subject to unknown disturbances. - Chandrasekharan



# Why do we care?

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- ◆ Big 3 in Control
  - Observability
  - Controllability
  - STABILITY
- ◆ Secondary Considerations
  - Performance
  - Cost
- ◆ Stochastic Control
  - Model uncertainty with probability distributions
- ◆ Robust Control
  - Bounding the error



# Modeling

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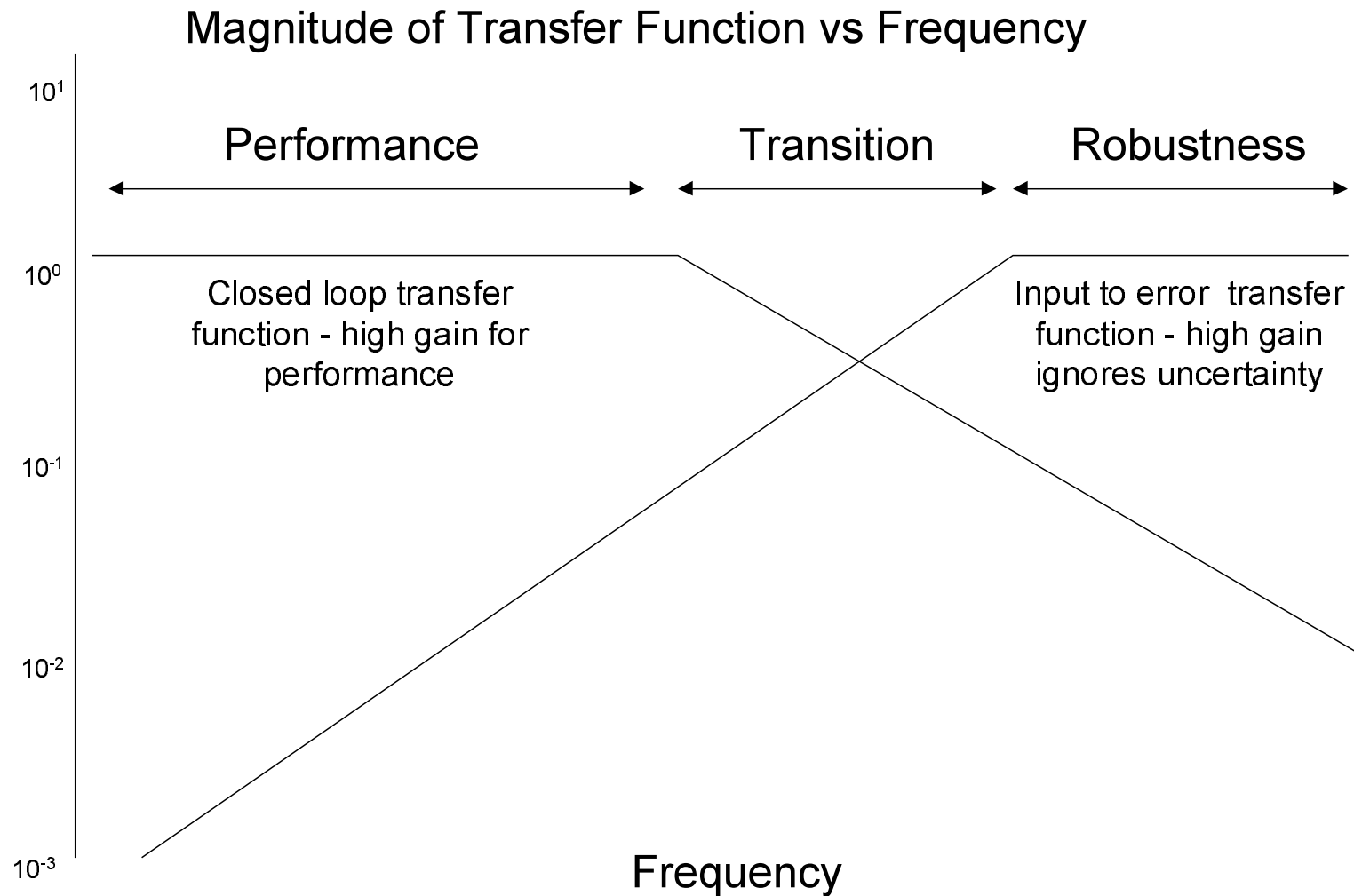
## ◆ Why so hard?

- Imperfect plant data
- Real world is non-linear and time-varying
- Higher order dynamic
- Complexity
- Tolerances introduce variation
- Requires various skills

## ◆ Model Reduction

- Simplicity for cost and computation

# Performance vs Robustness



# Tools / Techniques / Metrics

## ◆ Adaptive Control

- System identification
- Dual role of Control

## ◆ $H_2$ and $H_{\infty}$

- Frequency domain (stability)
- Norms are generalization of length
- Used to bounds output power ( $H_2$ ) or energy ( $H_{\infty}$ )

## ◆ Parameter Estimation

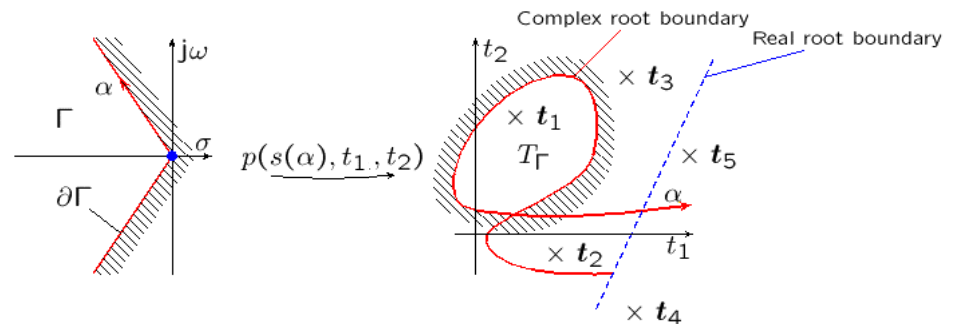
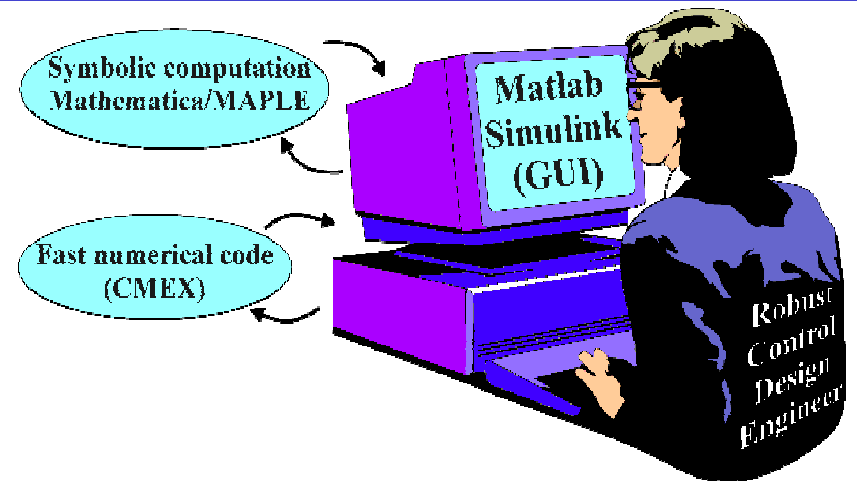
- Selection of best controller
- Clues how to change system

## ◆ Lyapunov

- Only general method for non-linear

## ◆ Fuzzy Control

- Uncertain sets

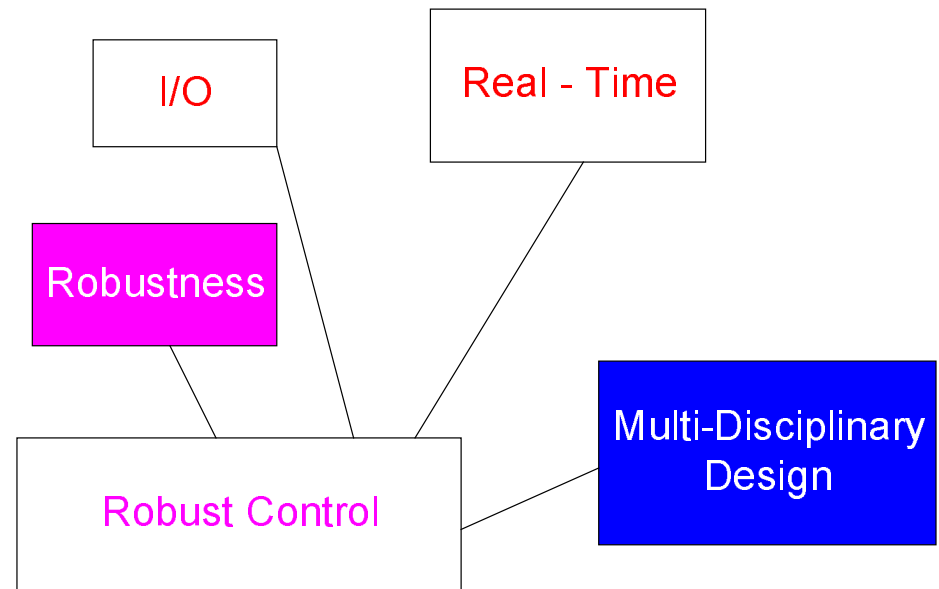




# Connections

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- ◆ Multi-Disciplinary
  - Modeling requires mechanical, electrical, processs people, applied maths
- ◆ I/O
  - Interface with the plant
- ◆ Real Time
  - Sampling rates
- ◆ Robustness



# Conclusions

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- ◆ New concern for extremes of operation
- ◆ Trade-off between conservatism (robustness) and performance
- ◆ Good models are difficult to construct
- ◆ Research in last 15 years has lead to growth in techniques
- ◆ Techniques have been criticized for accessibility, tediousness, general application, and conservatism
- ◆ Tools to handle complexity introduce issue of correctness
- ◆ Gap between theory and practice closing?

# Paper: Crisp Thoughts on Fuzzy ...

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- ◆ Controversial
- ◆ Common sense applications only?
- ◆ Sample rate drives performance
- ◆ Success relies on lots of sensors
- ◆ No help in generating control laws